

RESULTS

PROJECT #: TPLX1-U3-WEST. 0 || CSA F280



These results have been generated by The TECA Heat Loss & Heat Gain Calculator (V5.08), which is CSA F280 Verified

With the permission of Canadian Standards Association, (operating as "CSA Group"), 178 Rexdale Blvd., Toronto, ON, M9W 1R3, material is reproduced from CSA Group's standard CSA-F280-12 (R2017) Determining the required capacity of residential space heating and cooling appliances. This material is not the complete and official position of CSA Group on the referenced subject, which is represented solely by the Standard in its entirety. While use of the material has been authorized, CSA Group is not responsible for the manner in which the data is presented, nor for any representations and interpretations. No further reproduction is permitted. For more information or to purchase standard(s) from CSA Group, please visit store.csagroup.org or call 1-800-463-6727.

The heating and cooling loads calculated with this calculator tool are the sole responsibility of the user. This tool is to aid the user in applying to the CSA F280-12 calculation methods. The Thermal Environmental Comfort Association of BC accepts no responsibility for damages whatsoever, and offers no guarantee of equipment sizing or configuration.

BUILDING INFORMATION

CALCULATIONS PERFORMED FOR: BC MINISTRY OF HOUSING

CALCULATIONS PERFORMED BY

NAME TODD BACKUS
COMPANY TECA
ADDRESS PO BOX 73105, EVERGREEN RO
CITY SURREY
PROVINCE BC
POSTAL CODE V3R 0J2
PHONE 604-594-5956
FAX -
EMAIL TBACKUS@TECA.CA

SOFTWARE LICENSING

COMPANY
NAME
REG. #:



PROJECT #: TPLX1-U3-WEST
ADDRESS:
CITY: VANCOUVER
PROVINCE: BC
POSTAL CODE:
BUILDING MODEL: TPLX-01-UNIT 3
SITE: WEST
LOT:



DESIGNER OF BUILDING DRAWINGS: Leckie Studio Architecture + Design Inc.
DATE OF DRAWINGS: September 6, 2024
BUILDING ATTACHMENT: Single Unit in Multi-Unit Building (stacked dwelling units)
NUMBER OF FLOOR LEVELS: 4 NUMBER OF STOREYS: 3 above grade floor levels

WEATHER DATA Vancouver (city hall)

LATITUDE: 49.25

LONGITUDE: -123.12

Summer Mean Daily Temperature Range 7 °C

WINDOW SHADING: NO

VENTILATION SYSTEM Non-dedicated HRV, 45CFM, ASE0.65, ATRE:0

HEATING SYSTEM forced air (central system with ductwork)

FRONT OF HOUSE FACING DIRECTION: E

is this value assumed? yes

AIR TIGHTNESS / INFILTRATION ACH50: 1.5, ELA: 138.4 cm², ELA @10Pa

is the air tightness value assumed? yes

BUILDING SITE SHIELDING: Low crops, x/H > 20

LOCAL WALL SHIELDING: Light local shielding

LOCAL FLUE SHIELDING: Light local shielding

INDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURES: **# OF BEDROOMS:** 2

HEATING: 22°C, 71.6°F

OF PEOPLE: 3

COOLING: 24°C, 75.2°F

OUTDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURES:

HEATING: -7°C, 19.4°F

COOLING: 28°C, 82.4°F

SOIL TEMPERATURE: 11 °C

Attached documents: _____

Assumptions noted (in addition to listed assumptions on page 1): _____

Notes from the calculator operator: _____

BUILDING ENVELOPE ELEMENTS

WALLS

1/ (TYP. EXT. WALL: R-22), inside wall, // 1/2" GWB, // framing w/ cavity insulation: softwood (default), 2x6 framing @ 16"OC, R20 (5.5"), // Sheathing materials, Softwood plywood, // Insulation, Mineral wool and glass fibre, // Cladding materials, Vinyl siding, outside air; 22.42R-VALUE

CEILINGS

1/ (TYP. ROOF: R-32), inside ceilings, // 1/2" GWB, // framing w/ cavity insulation: softwood (default), 2x6 framing @ 24"OC, custom insulation, // Sheathing materials, Softwood plywood, // Roofing materials, Built-up roofing, outside air; 32.01R-VALUE

INTERIOR FOUNDATION WALL

EXPOSED FLOOR

1/ (TYP. EXPOSED FLOOR), inside floor, // Finished floor w/ underlay, // 3/4" ply, // framing w/ cavity insulation: softwood (default), 2x12 joists @ 16"OC, R35 (9.25"), // Exterior finished material, // outside air; 30.98R-VALUE

EXPOSED HEADER

1/ (TYP. HEADER: R-22); 22R-VALUE

WINDOWS

1/ (Windows (Energy Modelling Requirements)) custom, USI: 1.3, SHGC: 0.25

SKYLIGHTS

1/ (SKYLIGHT) double glazed, Fixed — Wood/Vinyl, insulating, low-E, 13mm Air, USI: 1.96, SHGC: 0.47

DOORS

1/ (EXT. DOOR) Insulated metal — Polyurethane core, without storm door, USI: 0.91

SHADINGS

FOUNDATIONS

1/ [Heated Crawlspace] Concrete Slab & Walls, insulation: below slab = 2.64RSI, interior wall = 2.11RSI, exterior wall = 2.11RSI (configuration #69) // any first storey construction type, interior surface of wall insulated over full-height, exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height, sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings, thermal-break between walls and floor slab // AREA: 81ft², FULL PERIMETER: 55ft, EXPOSED PERIMETER: 29ft

HEAT LOSS & HEAT GAIN SUMMARY, (BTUH)

imperial

▼

ROOM NAME	FLOOR LEVEL	FL AREA (ft²)	HEAT LOSS	HEAT GAIN	
			TOTAL	SENS.	TOTAL (sensible + latent)
(#1)HEATED CRAWL-U3	1	84	1210	16	21
(#2)109-ENTRY	2	65	1479	170	222
(#3)202-KITCHEN	3	233	1528	2642	3435
(#4)203-LIVING	3	220	1516	2642	3435
(#5)304-LANDING	4	124	1032	1203	1564
(#6)305-WASHROOM	4	40	70	47	61
(#7)306-BEDROOM 1	4	136	567	526	684
(#8)307-BEDROOM 2	4	136	1356	901	1172
		AREA	HEAT LOSS	GAIN (sens.)	GAIN (total)
OVERALL BUILDING		1038	8759	8148	10593

HEAT LOSS COMPONENT
BREAKDOWN, (BTUH)

ROOM NAME	WALL	CEILING	FLOOR	WINDOW & SKYLIGHT	DOOR & HATCH	FOUNDATION	LEAKAGE	VENTILATION	DISTRIBUTION	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
	WAL.	CEI.	FLR.	WIN.	DR.	FND.	LEAK.	VENT.	DIST.	ADD.	TOTAL
(#1)HEATED CRAWL-U3	88					322	447	353			1210
(#2)109-ENTRY	478				401		335	265			1479
(#3)202-KITCHEN	581			747			112	89			1528
(#4)203-LIVING	570			747			111	88			1516
(#5)304-LANDING	492	190		281			38	30			1032
(#6)305-WASHROOM		65					3	2			70
(#7)306-BEDROOM 1	159	222		149			21	17			567
(#8)307-BEDROOM 2	393	222		149	502		50	40			1356
	<u>WAL.</u>	<u>CEI.</u>	<u>FLR.</u>	<u>WIN.</u>	<u>DR.</u>	<u>FND.</u>	<u>LEAK.</u>	<u>VENT.</u>	<u>DIST.</u>	<u>ADD.</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
TOTAL BUILDING	2760	699		2073	904	322	1117	883			8759

PROJECT #: TPLX1-U3-WEST. 0

HEAT GAIN COMPONENT BREAKDOWN, (BTUH)	WALL	CEILING	FLOOR	WINDOW & SKYLIGHT	DOOR & HATCH	LEAKAGE	VENTILATION	DISTRIBUTION & ADDITIONAL	INTERNAL	TOTAL SENSIBLE	TOTAL SENSIBLE + LATENT
ROOM NAME	WAL.	CEI.	FLR.	WIN.	DR.	LEAK.	VENT.	DIST.	INT.	SENS.	TOTAL
(#1)HEATED CRAWL-U3	15					0	1			16	21
(#2)109-ENTRY	76				79	3	13			170	222
(#3)202-KITCHEN	84			754		14	68		1723	2642	3435
(#4)203-LIVING	83			754		14	68		1723	2642	3435
(#5)304-LANDING	71	125		901		18	89			1203	1564
(#6)305-WASHROOM		43				1	3			47	61
(#7)306-BEDROOM 1	31	145		303		8	39			526	684
(#8)307-BEDROOM 2	34	145		303	339	13	67			901	1172
	<u>WAL.</u>	<u>CEI.</u>	<u>FLR.</u>	<u>WIN.</u>	<u>DR.</u>	<u>LEAK.</u>	<u>VENT.</u>	<u>DIST.</u>	<u>INT.</u>	<u>SENS.</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
TOTAL BUILDING	394	458		3015	417	70	348		3446	8148	10593

MINIMUM INSTALLED OUTPUT CAPACITY: **8474**

MECHANICAL SYSTEM SIZING

HEATING

- The heating system capacity must meet or exceed 100% of the total building heat loss (the minimum installed system capacity equals the total heat loss for the building)
- The combined capacity of the heating distribution system must meet or exceed 100% of the heat loss of the room or space that it serves.

COOLING

- The installed system cooling capacity must meet or exceed 80% of the nominal cooling system capacity (*reflected in the MINIMUM INSTALLED CAPACITY shown for cooling*).
- The installed system cooling capacity shall not be less than the nominal system cooling capacity minus 1800W (*reflected in the MINIMUM INSTALLED CAPACITY shown for cooling*).
- If the cooling system is added to an existing heating system, its capacity (in Watts) need not exceed 18 times the air-handling capacity of the heating system (in L/s).
- Except for ground or water source heat pumps used for cooling, the installed cooling system capacity shall not exceed 125% of the nominal cooling system capacity for the building.
- If the nominal cooling system capacity for the building is less than 6000 W, the installed cooling system capacity may exceed the nominal cooling system capacity by up to 1750 W.
- Note that the nominal cooling system capacity incorporates a latent load multiplier value of 1.3 (unless specified otherwise). Most residential cooling units have a latent capacity of approximately 30% of the sensible capacity. For houses with very small latent loads (if the humidity values are entered by the user directly), it is important to mind the calculation factors. Equipment sizing must be done with individual consideration of sensible and latent loads.