

RESULTS

PROJECT #: QPLX2-U3-WEST. 0 || CSA F280



These results have been generated by The TECA Heat Loss & Heat Gain Calculator (V5.08), which is CSA F280 Verified

With the permission of Canadian Standards Association, (operating as "CSA Group"), 178 Rexdale Blvd., Toronto, ON, M9W 1R3, material is reproduced from CSA Group's standard CSA-F280-12 (R2017) Determining the required capacity of residential space heating and cooling appliances. This material is not the complete and official position of CSA Group on the referenced subject, which is represented solely by the Standard in its entirety. While use of the material has been authorized, CSA Group is not responsible for the manner in which the data is presented, nor for any representations and interpretations. No further reproduction is permitted. For more information or to purchase standard(s) from CSA Group, please visit store.csagroup.org or call 1-800-463-6727.

The heating and cooling loads calculated with this calculator tool are the sole responsibility of the user. This tool is to aid the user in applying to the CSA F280-12 calculation methods. The Thermal Environmental Comfort Association of BC accepts no responsibility for damages whatsoever, and offers no guarantee of equipment sizing or configuration.

BUILDING INFORMATION

CALCULATIONS PERFORMED FOR: BC MINISTRY OF HOUSING

CALCULATIONS PERFORMED BY

NAME TODD BACKUS
COMPANY TECA
ADDRESS PO BOX 73105, EVERGREEN RO
CITY SURREY
PROVINCE BC
POSTAL CODE V3R 0J2
PHONE 604-594-5956
FAX -
EMAIL TBACKUS@TECA.CA

SOFTWARE LICENSING

COMPANY
NAME
REG. #:



PROJECT #: QPLX2-U3-WEST
ADDRESS:
CITY: PRINCE RUPERT
PROVINCE: BC
POSTAL CODE:
BUILDING MODEL: QPLX-02-UNIT 1
SITE: WEST
LOT:



DESIGNER OF BUILDING DRAWINGS: Leckie Studio Architecture + Design Inc.

DATE OF DRAWINGS: September 6, 2024

BUILDING ATTACHMENT: Row House - End Unit

NUMBER OF FLOOR LEVELS: 3 **NUMBER OF STOREYS:** 2 *above grade floor levels*

WEATHER DATA	Prince Rupert		
LATITUDE:	54.32	LONGITUDE:	-130.32
Summer Mean Daily Temperature Range	6 °C	WINDOW SHADING:	NO
VENTILATION SYSTEM	Non-dedicated HRV, 45CFM, ASE0.65, ATRE:0		
HEATING SYSTEM	forced air (central system with ductwork)		

FRONT OF HOUSE FACING DIRECTION: S
is this value assumed? yes

AIR TIGHTNESS / INFILTRATION ACH50: 1.5, ELA: 166.2 cm², ELA @10Pa
is the air tightness value assumed? yes

BUILDING SITE SHIELDING: Low crops, x/H > 20

LOCAL WALL SHIELDING: Light local shielding

LOCAL FLUE SHIELDING: Light local shielding

INDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURES: **# OF BEDROOMS:** 2

HEATING: 22°C, 71.6°F

OF PEOPLE: 3

COOLING: 24°C, 75.2°F

OUTDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURES:

HEATING: -13°C, 8.6°F

COOLING: 19°C, 66.2°F

SOIL TEMPERATURE: 10 °C

Attached documents:

Assumptions noted (in addition to listed assumptions on page 1):

Notes from the calculator operator:

BUILDING ENVELOPE ELEMENTS

WALLS

1/ (TYP. EXT. WALL: R-22), inside wall, // 1/2" GWB, // framing w/ cavity insulation: softwood (default), 2x6 framing @ 16"OC, R20 (5.5"), // Sheathing materials, Softwood plywood, // Insulation, Mineral wool and glass fibre, // Cladding materials, Vinyl siding, outside air; 22.42R-VALUE

CEILINGS

1/ (TYP. ROOF: R-32), inside ceilings, // 1/2" GWB, // framing w/ cavity insulation: softwood (default), 2x6 framing @ 24"OC, custom insulation, // Sheathing materials, Softwood plywood, // Roofing materials, Built-up roofing, outside air; 32.01R-VALUE

INTERIOR FOUNDATION WALL

EXPOSED FLOOR

1/ (TYP. EXPOSED FLOOR), inside floor, // Finished floor w/ underlay, // 3/4" ply, // framing w/ cavity insulation: softwood (default), 2x12 joists @ 16"OC, R35 (9.25"), // Exterior finished material, // outside air; 30.98R-VALUE

EXPOSED HEADER

1/ (TYP. HEADER: R-22); 22R-VALUE

WINDOWS

1/ (Windows (Energy modelling requirements)) custom, USI: 1.3, SHGC: 0.25

SKYLIGHTS

1/ (SKYLIGHT) double glazed, Fixed — Wood/Vinyl, insulating, low-E, 13mm Air, USI: 1.96, SHGC: 0.47

DOORS

1/ (EXT. DOOR) Insulated metal — Polyurethane core, without storm door, USI: 0.91

SHADINGS

FOUNDATIONS

1/ [Heated Crawlspace] Concrete Slab & Walls, insulation: below slab = 2.64RSI, interior wall = 2.11RSI, exterior wall = 2.11RSI (configuration #69) // any first storey construction type, interior surface of wall insulated over full-height, exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height, sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings, thermal-break between walls and floor slab // AREA: 425ft², FULL PERIMETER: 93ft, EXPOSED PERIMETER: 82ft

HEAT LOSS & HEAT GAIN SUMMARY, (BTUH)

imperial

▼

ROOM NAME	FLOOR LEVEL	FL AREA (ft²)	HEAT LOSS	HEAT GAIN	
			TOTAL	SENS.	TOTAL (sensible + latent)
(#1)HEATED CRAWL - U1	1	425	2729		
(#2)100-ENTRY	2	34	1094	320	416
(#3)101-POWDER ROOM	2	20	118		
(#4)102-LIVING ROOM	2	97	886	1935	2515
(#5)103-KITCHEN/DINING	2	295	2236	2466	3206
(#6)200-BEDROOM 1	3	136	1385	360	469
(#7)201-BEDROOM 2	3	136	1164	275	357
(#8)202-WASHROOM	3	40	92	19	24
(#9)203-LANDING	3	125	1144	514	668
		AREA	HEAT LOSS	GAIN (sens.)	GAIN (total)
OVERALL BUILDING		1308	10847	5889	7655

HEAT LOSS COMPONENT
BREAKDOWN, (BTUH)

ROOM NAME	WALL	CEILING	FLOOR	WINDOW & SKYLIGHT	DOOR & HATCH	FOUNDATION	LEAKAGE	VENTILATION	DISTRIBUTION	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
(#1)HEATED CRAWL - U1	314					1090	792	533			2729
(#2)100-ENTRY	223			388	282		120	81			1094
(#3)101-POWDER ROOM	96						13	9			118
(#4)102-LIVING ROOM	543			180			97	65			886
(#5)103-KITCHEN/DINING	924			901			245	165			2236
(#6)200-BEDROOM 1	563	268		361			116	78			1385
(#7)201-BEDROOM 2	553	268		180			97	66			1164
(#8)202-WASHROOM		79					8	5			92
(#9)203-LANDING	594	232		159			96	64			1144
	<u>WAL.</u>	<u>CEI.</u>	<u>FLR.</u>	<u>WIN.</u>	<u>DR.</u>	<u>FND.</u>	<u>LEAK.</u>	<u>VENT.</u>	<u>DIST.</u>	<u>ADD.</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
TOTAL BUILDING	3810	846		2169	282	1090	1585	1065			10847

PROJECT #: QPLX2-U3-WEST. 0

HEAT GAIN COMPONENT BREAKDOWN, (BTUH)	WALL	CEILING	FLOOR	WINDOW & SKYLIGHT	DOOR & HATCH	LEAKAGE	VENTILATION	DISTRIBUTION & ADDITIONAL	INTERNAL	TOTAL SENSIBLE	TOTAL SENSIBLE + LATENT
ROOM NAME	WAL.	CEI.	FLR.	WIN.	DR.	LEAK.	VENT.	DIST.	INT.	SENS.	TOTAL
(#1)HEATED CRAWL - U1											
(#2)100-ENTRY				388		-11	-57			320	416
(#3)101-POWDER ROOM											
(#4)102-LIVING ROOM				257		-7	-38		1723	1935	2515
(#5)103-KITCHEN/DINING				901		-26	-132		1723	2466	3206
(#6)200-BEDROOM 1		76		361		-13	-64			360	469
(#7)201-BEDROOM 2		76		257		-10	-49			275	357
(#8)202-WASHROOM		22				-1	-3			19	24
(#9)203-LANDING		66		557		-18	-92			514	668
TOTAL BUILDING	WAL.	CEI.	FLR.	WIN.	DR.	LEAK.	VENT.	DIST.	INT.	SENS.	TOTAL
		242		2721		-85	-435		3446	5889	7655

MINIMUM INSTALLED OUTPUT CAPACITY: 6124

MECHANICAL SYSTEM SIZING

HEATING

- The heating system capacity must meet or exceed 100% of the total building heat loss (the minimum installed system capacity equals the total heat loss for the building)
- The combined capacity of the heating distribution system must meet or exceed 100% of the heat loss of the room or space that it serves.

COOLING

- The installed system cooling capacity must meet or exceed 80% of the nominal cooling system capacity (*reflected in the MINIMUM INSTALLED CAPACITY shown for cooling*).
- The installed system cooling capacity shall not be less than the nominal system cooling capacity minus 1800W (*reflected in the MINIMUM INSTALLED CAPACITY shown for cooling*).
- If the cooling system is added to an existing heating system, its capacity (in Watts) need not exceed 18 times the air-handling capacity of the heating system (in L/s).
- Except for ground or water source heat pumps used for cooling, the installed cooling system capacity shall not exceed 125% of the nominal cooling system capacity for the building.
- If the nominal cooling system capacity for the building is less than 6000 W, the installed cooling system capacity may exceed the nominal cooling system capacity by up to 1750 W.
- Note that the nominal cooling system capacity incorporates a latent load multiplier value of 1.3 (unless specified otherwise). Most residential cooling units have a latent capacity of approximately 30% of the sensible capacity. For houses with very small latent loads (if the humidity values are entered by the user directly), it is important to mind the calculation factors. Equipment sizing must be done with individual consideration of sensible and latent loads.